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Regn.No. KERBIL/2012/45073
dated 2012-09-05 with RNI
Reg No.KL/TV(N)/634/2021-2023

കേരള സർക്കാർ
GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

കേരള ഗസറ്റ് KERALA GAZETTE

ആധികാരികമായി പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുന്നത്
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

ചൊവ്വ, 2021 ഡിസംബർ 14

Tuesday, 14th December 2021

1197 വൃശ്ചികം 29

29th Vrischikam 1197

വാല്യം 10
Vol. X

1943 അഗ്രഹായനം 23

23rd Agrahayana 1943

നമ്പർ } 49
No. }

Part III

Law

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

2021



Law (Legislation-Publication) Department**NOTIFICATION**

No.7842/Leg.Pbn.2/2021/Law.

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram, 6th May 2021.

The following Ordinance, promulgated by the President of India on 13th day of April, 2021 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I dated the 13th day of April, 2021 is hereby republished for general information.

By order of the Governor,

ARAVINTHA BABU, P. K.,
Law Secretary.



MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE
(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 13th April, 2021 [Chaitra 23, 1943 (Saka)]

**THE COMMISSION FOR AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN NATIONAL CAPITAL
REGION AND ADJOINING AREAS ORDINANCE, 2021**
[No. 4 OF 2021]

Promulgated by the President in the Seventy-Second Year of the Republic of India.

AN

ORDINANCE

to provide for the constitution of the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas for better co-ordination, research, identification and resolution of problems surrounding the air quality index and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

WHEREAS, the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas Ordinance, 2020 (Ord.13 of 2020) was promulgated by the President on the 28th day of October, 2020;

AND WHEREAS, the Bill to replace the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas Ordinance, 2020 has not been passed;

AND WHEREAS, the Commission constituted under section 3 of the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas Ordinance, 2020 was operational, but ceased to exist on account of lapse of said Ordinance on the 12th day of March, 2021;

AND WHEREAS, the continuance of the Commission is necessary for effective management of air quality in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas;

AND WHEREAS, Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. *Short title, application and commencement.*— (1) This Ordinance may be called the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas Ordinance, 2021.

(2) It shall apply to the National Capital Region and also to adjoining areas in so far as it relates to matters concerning air pollution in the National Capital Region.



(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.— (1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) “adjoining areas” means the areas in the States of Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh, adjoining the National Capital Territory of Delhi and the National Capital Region, where any source of pollution is located, causing adverse impact on air quality in the National Capital Region;
- (b) “Associate Member” means a member who is co-opted under sub-section (3) of section 3;
- (c) “Chairperson” means the Chairperson of the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas referred to in section 3;
- (d) “Commission” means the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas constituted under section 3;
- (e) “Member” means a Member of the Commission and includes the Chairperson thereof;
- (f) “National Capital Region” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (f) of section 2 of the National Capital Region Planning Board Act, 1985 (2 of 1985.);
- (g) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance.

(2) The Words used herein and not defined but defined in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (26 of 1986) shall have the meanings as assigned to them in that Act.

CHAPTER II

COMMISSION FOR AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION AND ADJOINING AREAS

3. Constitution of Commission.— (1) If the Central Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, constitute a body to be known as the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas to exercise the powers conferred upon, and to perform the functions assigned to that Commission under this Ordinance.

(2) The Commission shall consist of the following Members—

- (a) a full-time Chairperson having special knowledge in the field of environment protection or pollution control with experience of not less than fifteen years or having administrative experience of not less than twenty five years;
- (b) a representative of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of



Environment, Forest and Climate Change, who shall be an officer not below the rank of Joint Secretary, *ex officio*;

- (c) five *ex-officio* Members who are either Chief Secretaries, or Secretaries in-charge of the department dealing with environment protection in the National Capital Territory of Delhi and the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh;
 - (d) one full-time member who is or has been a Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (e) three full-time independent technical Members to be appointed from amongst persons having specific scientific knowledge and experience in matters relating to air pollution;
 - (f) one technical member from the Central Pollution Control Board, *ex-officio*
 - (g) one technical member to be nominated by the Indian Space Research Organisation, *ex-officio*;
 - (h) three members from non-Governmental organisations having experience in matters concerning combating of air pollution;
 - (i) one representative of the National Institution for Transforming India, not below the rank of Joint Secretary or Adviser. *ex-officio*;
 - (j) one officer in the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India to be appointed by the Central Government as a full-time Member-Secretary of the Commission;
 - (k) three members, being stakeholders from such sectors as agriculture, industry, transport or construction.
- (3) The Commission may co-opt the following persons as Associate Members, namely:—
- (a) a representative of the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (b) a representative of the Ministry of Power, not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (c) a representative of the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (d) a representative of the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (e) a representative of the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (f) a representative of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India;
 - (g) a representative of any association of commerce or industry;
 - (h) such other Associate Members, as may be prescribed.
- (4) The Member-Secretary shall be the Chief Coordinating, Officer of the Commission and shall assist the Commission in the discharge of its functions under this Ordinance.



- (5) The headquarters of the Commission shall be at Delhi and the Commission may, with the previous approval of the Central Government, establish offices at other places in National Capital Region or Adjoining Areas.
- (6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, and notwithstanding any judgment or order of any court, the Commission shall have exclusive jurisdiction in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas in respect of matters covered by this Ordinance and no other body, authority, individual or committee shall have any power or jurisdiction in the matters Covered under this Ordinance:

Provided that the powers, functions and duties of the Commission shall not be in derogation of the powers, functions and duties of the Central Government, the Governments of the National Capital territory of Delhi and of the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh, the Central Pollution Control Board, the State Pollution Control Boards of the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh and the Pollution Control Committee of the State of Delhi:

Provided further that in case of any conflict in the orders or directions of the Commission and the Governments of the National Capital territory of Delhi and of the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh or the Central Pollution Control Board or the State Pollution Control Boards of the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh or the Pollution Control Committee of the State of Delhi or any other statutory authority set up or established under a State Act, the order or direction of the Commission shall Prevail.

4. Appointment of Chairperson, Members and Member-Secretary.—

(1) The full-time Chairperson and full time Members, other than *ex-officio* Members, of the Commission shall be appointed by the Central Government:

Provided that every appointment under this sub-section shall, subject to the provisions of second proviso, be made on the recommendations of a Selection Committee consisting of—

- (a) Minister in-charge of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change in the Government of India—Chairperson;
- (b) Minister in-charge of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry in the Government of India—member;
- (c) Minister in-charge of the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways in the Government of India—member;
- (d) Minister in-charge of the Ministry of Science and Technology in the Government of India—member;
- (e) Cabinet Secretary—member:



Provided further that in case where the Central Government appoints a serving officer as the Chairperson under clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 3, or the full-time Member under clause (d) thereof, then, no recommendation of the Selection Committee shall be required.

(2) No appointment of the Chairperson or a Member shall be invalid merely by reason of any vacancy of any member in the Selection Committee referred to in sub-section (1).

(3) The appointment of the Member- Secretary of the Commission shall be made by the Central Government in such manner, subject to such term and conditions, as may be prescribed.

5. Resignation and removal of Chairperson and Members.—(1) The full-time Chairperson or a Member, other than an *ex officio* member, may, by notice in writing under his hand addressed to the Central Government, resign his office.

(2) The Central Government may remove the Chairperson or any member, other than an *ex officio* member, from his office, in such manner as may be prescribed, if such person—

- (a) is adjudged an insolvent;
- (b) engages during his term of office in any paid employment outside the duties of his office;
- (c) is unfit to continue in office by reason of infirmity of mind or body;
- (d) is of unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent court;
- (e) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest;
- (f) has acquired such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions; or
- (g) is convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for an offence which in the opinion of the Central Government involves moral turpitude:

Provided that no such Member shall be so removed, unless he has been given an opportunity of being heard.

6. Term of office of Chairperson and Members.— The full-time Chairperson or a Member, other than an *ex-officio* member, shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he enters upon his office or until he attains the age of seventy years, whichever is earlier, and shall be eligible for re-appointment.

7. Member to act as Chairperson or to discharge his functions in certain circumstances.— (1) In the event of the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of the Chairperson by reason of death, resignation or otherwise, the Central Government may, by notification, certain authorise one of the Members to act as the Chairperson until the appointment of a new Chairperson to fill such vacancy.



(2) When the Chairperson is unable to discharge his functions owing to absence on leave or otherwise, such one of the Members as the Central Government may, by notification, authorise in this behalf, shall discharge the functions of the Chairperson until the date on which the Chairperson resumes his duties.

8. Terms and conditions of service of Chairperson and Members.—The salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the Chairperson and Members, other than *ex officio* members, shall be such as may be prescribed:

Provided that neither the salary and allowances nor the other terms and conditions of service of the Chairperson or a Member shall be varied to his disadvantage after his appointment.

9. Vacancies, etc., not to invalidate proceedings of Commission.—No act or proceedings of the Commission shall be invalidated merely on the ground of existence of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Commission.

10. Procedure to be regulated by Commission.—(1) The Commission shall meet at such time and place as the Chairperson may think fit.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder, the Commission shall have the power to lay down by regulations its own procedure.

(3) All orders and decisions of the Commission shall be authenticated by the Member-Secretary or any other officer of the Commission duly authorised by the Chairperson in this behalf.

(4) The Commission may, by general or special order, subject to such conditions and limitations, if any, as may be specified therein, delegate to the Chairperson, full-time member, Member-Secretary or any Sub-Committee constituted under section 11, such of its powers under this Ordinance (except the power to make regulations under section 25), as it may deem necessary or expedient for the purpose of protecting and improving the quality of the air in the Nation Capital Region and Adjoining Areas.

11. Sub-Committees and other staff of Commission.—(1) The Commission shall have at least the following three sub-Committees—

- (a) Sub-Committee on Monitoring and Identification;
- (b) Sub-Committee on Safeguarding and Enforcement;
- (c) Sub-Committee on Research and Development;

(2) The Sub-Committee on Monitoring and Identification shall be headed by a Member of the Commission chosen by it and shall have the following additional members, namely:—

- (a) one representative from the Central Pollution Control Board;
- (b) one representative each from the State Pollution Control Board or Committee, as the case may be, of the National Capital territory of Delhi, Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh;
- (c) one representative from the National Environmental Engineering Research Institute; and
- (d) such other members as may be specified by regulations;



(3) The Sub-Committee on Safeguarding and Enforcement shall be headed by the full-time Chairperson of the Commission and shall have the following additional members, namely:—

- (a) one representative each, not below the rank of Secretary from the department tackling air pollution from the National Capital territory of Delhi and the States of Punjab Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh;
- (b) one representative each from the State Pollution Control Board or Committee, as the case may be, from National Capital territory of Delhi and the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh;
- (c) one officer not below the rank of Inspector General of Police or equivalent from the National Capital territory of Delhi and the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh;
- (d) such other members as may be specified by regulations.

(4) The Sub-Committee on Research and Development shall be headed by a full-time technical member of the Commission and shall have the following additional members, namely:—

- (a) two technical representatives from the National Environmental Engineering Research Institute;
- (b) one technical representative each from research institutions or Universities or colleges or organisations in the National Capital territory of Delhi and in the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh;
- (c) two technical representatives from the field of medicine and research working or studying on the impact of air pollution on living beings;
- (d) such other members as may be specified by regulations.

(5) The Commission may also constitute such other Sub- Committees as it thinks fit.

(6) The members of the Sub-Committees, other than *ex officio* members, shall be paid such allowances as may be prescribed.

(7) The Central Government, in consultation with the Commission, shall determine the nature and the categories of officers and other staff required to assist the Commission in the discharge of its function and provide the Commission with such officers and employees as it may deem fit.

(8) The officers and other staff of the Commission shall discharge their duties and functions under the General Superintendence of the Chairperson.

(9) The salaries, allowances and conditions of service of the officers and other staff appointed under sub-section (7) shall be such as may be prescribed.



CHAPTER III
POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

12. Powers and Functions of Commission.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the Commission shall have the power to take all such measures, issue directions and entertain complaints, as it deems necessary or expedient for the purpose of protecting and improving the quality of the air in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas and shall also have the duty to take all such measures as may become necessary for protecting and improving the quality of the air in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of sub-section (1), the Commission shall, for the purposes of sub-section (1), have the following powers to perform its duties, including taking measures to abate air pollution and to regulate or prohibit activities that are likely to cause or increase air pollution in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas, namely:—

- (i) co-ordination of actions by the Governments of the National Capital territory of Delhi and the States of Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh. officers and other authorities under this Ordinance or the rules made thereunder or under any other law for the time being in force, which is relatable to the objects of this Ordinance;
- (ii) planning and execution of a programme for the region for the prevention, control and abatement of air pollution;
- (iii) laying down parameters for the quality of air in its various aspects;
- (iv) laying down parameters for emission or discharge of environmental pollutants from various sources whatsoever that have implications on air quality in the region:

Provided that different parameters for emission or discharge may be laid down under this clause from different sources having regard to the quality or composition of the emission or discharge of environmental pollutants from such sources that have implications on air quality in the region;

- (v) restriction of areas in which any industries, operations or processes or class of industries. operations or processes, that have implications on air quality in the region, shall not be carried out or shall be carried out subject to certain safeguards;
- (vi) carrying out and requiring investigations and research relating to problems of environmental pollution that have implications on air quality in the region;
- (vii) inspection of any premises, plant, equipment, machinery, manufacturing or other processes, materials or substances and giving, by order, of such directions to such authorities, officers or persons as it may consider necessary to take steps for the prevention, control and abatement of air pollution in the region;
- (viii) collection and dissemination of information in respect of matters relating to air pollution in the region;
- (ix) preparation of manuals, codes or guides relating to the prevention, control and abatement of air pollution in the region;



- (x) appoint officers, with prior approval of the Central Government, with such designations as it thinks fit for the purposes of this Ordinance and may entrust to them such of the powers and functions under this Ordinance or for the purposes of achieving the objects of this Ordinance as it may deem fit.
- (xi) issue directions in writing to any person, officer or any authority and such person, officer or authority shall be bound to comply with such directions.

Explanation.—For avoidance of doubts, it is hereby declared that the power to issue directions under this section includes the power to direct—

- (a) the closure, prohibition or regulation of any industry, operation or process; or
- (b) stoppage or regulation of the supply of electricity or water or any other service.

(3) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, any person authorised by the Commission in this behalf shall have a right to enter, at all reasonable times and with such assistance as he considers necessary, any place, for the purpose of—

(i) performing any of the functions of the Commission entrusted to him;

(ii) determining whether and if so in what manner, any such functions are to be performed or whether any provisions of this Ordinance or the rules made thereunder or any notice, order, direction or authorisation served, made, given or granted under this Ordinance is being or has been complied with;

(iii) examining and testing any equipment, industrial plant, record, register, document or any other material object or for conducting a search of any building in which he has reasons to believe that an offence under this Ordinance or the rules made thereunder has been or is being or is about to be committed and for seizing any such equipment, industrial plant, record, register, document or other material object if he has reasons to believe that it may furnish evidence of the Commission of an offence punishable under this Ordinance or the rules made thereunder or that such seizure is necessary to prevent or mitigate environmental pollution.

(b) every person carrying on any industry, operation or process or handling any hazardous substance shall be bound to render all assistance to the person empowered by the Commission under clause (a) for carrying out the functions under that clause and if he fails to do so without any reasonable cause or excuse, he shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

(c) if any person willfully delays or obstructs any person authorised by the Commission under clause (a) in the performance of his functions, he shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

(d) the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974) shall apply to any search or seizure under this section as they apply to any search or seizure made under the authority of a warrant issued under section 94 of the said Code or, as the case may be, under the corresponding provisions of the said law.



(4) (a) The Commission or any officer authorised by it in this behalf, shall, for the purpose of analysis, have power to take samples of air from any factory, premises or other place in such manner as may be prescribed.

(b) the result of any analysis of a sample taken under clause (a) shall not be admissible in evidence in any legal proceeding unless the provisions of clauses (c) and (d) are complied with.

(c) subject to the provisions of clause (d), the person taking the sample under clause (a) shall,—

(i) serve on the occupier or his agent or person in charge of the place, a notice, then and there, in such form as may be prescribed, of his intention to have it so analysed;

(ii) in the presence of the occupier or his agent or person, collect a sample for analysis;

(iii) cause the sample to be placed in a container or containers which shall be marked and sealed and shall also be signed both by the person taking the sample and the occupier or his agent or person;

(iv) send without delay, the container or the containers to the laboratory established or recognised by the Central Government;

(d) when a sample is taken for analysis under clause (a) and the person taking the sample serves on the occupier or his agent or person, a notice under sub-clause (i) of clause (c), then,—

(i) in a case where the occupier, his agent or person wilfully absents himself, the person taking the sample shall collect the sample for analysis to be placed in a container or containers which shall be marked and sealed and shall also be signed by the person taking the sample; and

(ii) in a case where the occupier or his agent or person present at the time of taking the sample refuses to sign the marked and sealed container or containers of the sample as required under sub-clause (iii) of clause (c), the marked and sealed container or containers shall be signed by the person taking the samples,

and the container or containers shall be sent without delay by the person taking the sample for analysis to the laboratory established or recognised by the Central Government and such person shall inform the Government Analyst appointed or recognised, about the wilful absence of the occupier or his agent or person, or, as the case may be, his refusal to sign the container or containers.



(5) In discharge of its functions and exercising of its authority, the Commission and the Sub-Committees mentioned in section 11 shall be bound by such general or specific directions of the Central Government, as may be issued from time to time.

(6) For removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, and notwithstanding any judgment or order of any court, and subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, the Commission shall have exclusive jurisdiction in respect of matters covered by this Ordinance and no other body or authority or committee or individual shall have any power or jurisdiction in that matter.

(7) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, the Commission shall perform all or any of the following functions, namely:—

(a) take up matters *suomotu*, or on the basis of complaints made by any individual, representative body or organisation functioning in the field of environment, against any individual, association, company, public undertaking or local body carrying on any industry, operation or process;

(b) provide the mechanism and the means to implement in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas—

- (i) the National Clean Air Programme;
- (ii) the National Air Quality Monitoring Programme;
- (iii) the National Ambient Air Quality Standards;

(c) provide an effective framework and platform in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas for—

- (i) source identification of air pollutants on a periodic basis;
 - (ii) taking on-ground steps for curbing air pollution;
 - (iii) specific research and development in the field of air pollution;
 - (iv) synergising the energies and efforts of all stakeholders in developing innovative ways to monitor, enforce and research on the issues concerning air pollution;
 - (v) building a network between technical institutions working or researching in the field of air pollution;
 - (vi) international co-operation including sharing of international best practices in the field of air pollution;
 - (vii) training and creating a special work-force for tackling the problem of air pollution;
- (d) provide an effective frame work, action plan and take appropriate steps for—
- (i) tackling the problem of stubble burning;
 - (ii) monitoring, assessing and inspecting air polluting agents;



- (iii) increasing plantation;
- (e) monitoring the measures taken by the States to prevent stubble burning;
- (f) undertake and promote research in the field of air pollution;
- (g) spread awareness regarding air pollution among various sections of society and promote awareness of the collective steps that the public may take through publications, the media, seminars and other available means;
- (h) encourage the efforts of non-governmental organisations and institutions working in the field of air Pollution;
- (i) any other functions as have been entrusted to any *ad hoc* committee or commission or task force or body formed for the purpose of dealing with issues concerning air pollution, stubble burning or the monitoring of related factors, in pursuance of any judicial order passed for the time being in force;
- (j) such other functions as it may consider necessary for the prevention of air pollution in the National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas.

13. Annual Report.—(1) The Commission shall furnish to the Central Government an annual report containing such details of the steps taken, proposals made, researches awaited and other measures undertaken by it in pursuance of its functions under section 12, in such form and manner as may be specified by regulations.

(2) The Central Government shall cause the annual report furnished under sub-section (1) to be laid before each House of the Parliament.

14. Penalty for contravention of provisions of Ordinance, rules, order or direction.—(1) Any non-compliance or contravention of any provisions of this Ordinance, rules made thereunder or any order or direction issued by the Commission, shall be an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend upto five years or with fine which may extend upto one crore rupees or with both.

Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any former for causing air pollution by stubble burning or mismanagement of agricultural residue.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), the offence under this Ordinance shall be non-cognizable and shall be triable by the Judicial Magistrate of the First Class who shall not take cognizance of the offence except upon a complaint made by the Commission or any officer authorised by the Commission in this behalf.

(3) Where any offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was directly in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment provided in this Ordinance, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.



(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), where an offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purposes of sub-sections (3) and (4),—

(a) “company” means any body corporate, and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and

(b) “director”, in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

(5) Where an offence under this Ordinance has been committed by any Department of Government, the Head of the Department shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall render such Head of the Department liable to any punishment if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (5), where an offence under this Ordinance has been committed by a Department of Government and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any officer, other than the Head of the Department, such officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

(7) For the purpose of this section and the procedure to be followed thereunder, the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974) shall apply.

15. Environmental Compensation.—The Commission may impose and collect Environmental Compensation from farmers causing air pollution by stubble burning, at such rate and in such manner, as may be prescribed.

CHAPTER IV

FINANCE, ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT

16. Grants by Central Government.—(1) The Central Government shall, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, pay to the Commission by way of grants such sums of money as the Central Government may think fit for being utilised for the purposes of this Ordinance.

(2) The Commission may spend such sums as it thinks fit for performing the functions under this Ordinance, and such sums shall be treated as expenditure payable out of the grants referred to in sub-section (1).

17. Accounts and audit.—(1) The Commission shall maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts in such form as may be prescribed by the Central Government in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.

(2) The accounts of the Commission shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General at such intervals as may be specified by him and any expenditure incurred in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Commission to the Comptroller and Auditor-General.



(3) The Comptroller and Auditor-General and any person appointed by him in connection with the audit of the accounts of the Commission under this Ordinance shall have the same rights and privileges and the authority in connection with such audit as the Comptroller and Auditor-General generally has in connection with the audit of Government accounts and, in particular, shall have the right to demand the production of books, accounts, connected vouchers and other documents and papers and to inspect any of the offices of the Commission.

(4) The accounts of the Commission, as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General or any other person appointed by him in this behalf, together with the audit report thereon shall be forwarded annually to the Central Government by the Commission and the Central Government shall cause the audit report to be laid, as soon as may be after it is received, before each House of Parliament.

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS

18. *Appeal.*— An appeal shall lie only to the National Green Tribunal constituted under the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010 (19 of 2010) against any order, direction or action taken by or on behalf of the Commission constituted under section 3 of this Ordinance.

19. *Constitution of special investigation teams.*— Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or any judicial order by any Court, where the Commission considers it necessary so to do, it may constitute one or more special investigation teams consisting of such officers or such persons, as it thinks necessary, for purposes of carrying out its functions under this Ordinance.

20. *Power of Central Government to issue direction.*— Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, but subject to the provision of this Ordinance, the Central Government may issue in writing such direction, as it deems fit, to the Commission or any person, officer or authority authorised by the Commission, and the Commission, person, or authority, as the case may be, shall be bound to comply with such direction.

21. *Power of Central Government to call for information.*—The Central Government may, From time to time, call for such information and reports from the Commission, as it deems fit and the Commission shall bound to provide such information and report.

22. *Bar of Jurisdiction.*—No civil court shall have jurisdiction to entertain any suit, proceeding or dispute pertaining to or arising out of the action taken or directions issued by the commission in respect of any matter which the commission is empowered by or under this Ordinance, except the National Green Tribunal referred to in section 18.

23. *Protection of action taken in good faith.*—No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Central Government, the State Government, the Commission, or any Member thereof, or any person acting under the direction either of the Central Government, State Government, or the Commission in respect of anything which is good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Ordinance or of any rules or any order made thereunder.

24. *Members and officers to be public servants*—Every Member of the Commission and every officer appointed or authorised by the Commission to exercise functions under this Ordinance shall be deemed to be a servants. servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).



25. Power of Central Government to make rules.—(1) The Central Government may, by notification, make rules to carry out the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-

- (a) the other Associate Members under clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 3;
- (b) the manner of removal of Chairperson or a Member under sub-section (2) of section 5;
- (c) the salaries and allowances payable to, and the other terms and conditions of service of, the Chairperson and Members under sub-section (1) of section 8;
- (d) the allowance payable to the members, other than *ex officio* members of the Sub-Committees, under sub-section (6) of section 11;
- (e) the appointment of such officers and other staff under sub-section (7) of section 11;
- (f) the salaries, allowances and conditions of service of the officers and other staff under sub-section (9) of section 11;
- (g) the manner of taking samples under clause (a), and the form of notice under sub-clause (i) of clause (c), of sub-section (4) of section 12;
- (h) the rate at which, and the manner in which, the Environmental Compensation shall be imposed and collected under section 15;
- (i) the form in which annual statement of accounts shall be prepared under sub-section (1) of section 17;
- (j) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.

(3) Every rule made under this Ordinance shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

26. Power of commission to make regulations—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder, the Commission may, with the previous approval of the Central Government, by notification, make regulations to carry out the provisions of Ordinance.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) the procedure to be followed by the Commission under sub-section (2) of section 10;
- (b) the conditions and limitations subject to which power may be delegated by the Commission under sub-section (4), of section 10;
- (c) the members of each Sub-Committee under sub-sections (2), (3) and (4) of section 11;
- (d) the form and the manner of furnishing annual report under section 13;
- (e) any other matter which has to be, or may be, specified by regulations.



(3) Every regulation made by the Commission under this Ordinance shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the regulation or both Houses agree that the regulation should not be made, the regulation shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that regulation.

27. Power to remove difficulties—(1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Ordinance, the Central Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty.

(2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament.

28. Ordinance to have overriding effect.—(1) The provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force, any document, judgement, order, bye-law, rule, regulation, notification having the force of law in the territory of India.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or any judgement or any order of any Court and subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, upon the notification of the constitution of the Commission under section 3, no other individual or body or authority constituted either under a law enacted by Parliament, or by a State, or appointed or nominated in terms of any judicial order, shall act upon or have jurisdiction in relation to the matters covered by this Ordinance.

29. Repeal and savings of order constituting Environment Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority for National Capital Region—(1) The Order made under section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) constituting the Environment Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority for the National Capital Region vide notification number S.O.93(E), dated the 29th January, 1998 is hereby repealed and the Environment Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority for the National Capital Region is hereby dissolved.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken by the Environment Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority for the National Capital Region under the said Order, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Ordinance.

30. Savings—Notwithstanding, the cessation of the Commission for Air Quality Management in National Capital Region and Adjoining Areas Ordinance, 2020 (Ord. 13 of 2020) anything done or any action taken under the Ordinance so ceased, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Ordinance.

RAM NATH KOVIND,
President.

DR. G. NARAYANA RAJU,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



CORRIGENDA

In the Tribunal Reforms (Rationalisation and Conditions of Services) Ordinance, 2021 (2 of 2021), as published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I, dated the 4th April 2021, Issue No. 20,—

- (i) at page 3, in line 7, *for* “3. ”, *read* “4.”;
 - (ii) at page 5, in line 22, *for* “word ”, *read* “words ”;
 - (iii) at page 7, in line 26, *for* “AIR PORT ”, *read* “AIRPORTS ”;
 - (iv) at page 22, in line 5, *for* “(Act 55 of 1994)”, *read* “(55 of 1994) ”;.
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Law (Leg. Publication) Department**NOTIFICATION**

No. 9946/Leg.Pbn.2/2021/Law.

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram, 9th July 2021.

The following Ordinance, promulgated by the President of India on 22nd day of April, 2021 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I dated the 22nd day of April, 2021 is hereby republished for general information.

By order of the Governor,

V. HARI NAIR,
Law Secretary.

G 43/2021/DTP. (1)



MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE**(Legislative Department)***New Delhi the 22nd April, 2021 Vaisakha 2, 1943 (Saka)***THE INDIAN MEDICINE CENTRAL COUNCIL
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2021****(No. 5 OF 2021)**

Promulgated by the President in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India.

An Ordinance further to amend the Indian Medicine Council Act, 1970.

WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Indian Medicine Council (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of section 3A.*—In section 3A of the Indian Medicine Central Council Act, 1970 (48 of 1970) in sub-section (2) for the words “within a period of one year”, the words “within a period of two years” shall be substituted.

RAM NATH KOVIND,
President.

DR. G. NARAYANARAJU,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



Law (Leg. Publication) Department**NOTIFICATION**

No. 9113/Leg.Pbn.2/2021/Law.

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram, 24th June 2021.

The following Ordinance, promulgated by the President of India on 16th day of May, 2021 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I dated the 16th day of May, 2021 is hereby republished for general information.

By order of the Governor,

V. HARI NAIR,
Law Secretary.



MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE
(Legislative Department)

New Delhi the 16th May, 2021/Vaisakha 26, 1943 (Saka)

THE HOMOEOPATHY CENTRAL COUNCIL
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2021
(No. 6 OF 2021)

Promulgated by the President in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India.

An Ordinance further to amend the Homoeopathy Central Council Act, 1973.

WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Homoeopathy Central Council (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of section 3A.*—In section 3A of the Homoeopathy Central Council Act, 1973 (59 of 1973) in sub-section (2), for the words “within a period of three years”, the words “within a period of four years” shall be substituted.

RAM NATH KOVIND,
President.

ANOOP KUMAR MENDIRATTA,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



Law (Leg. Publication) Department**NOTIFICATION**

No. 17061/Leg.Pbn.2/2021/Law.

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram, 10th November 2021.

The following Ordinance, promulgated by the President of India on 30th day of September, 2021 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I dated the 30th day of September, 2021 is hereby republished for general information.

By order of the Governor,

V. HARI NAIR,
Law Secretary.



MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE
(Legislative Department)

New Delhi the 30th September, 2021/Aswina 8, 1943 (Saka)

THE NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2021

(No. 8 OF 2021)

Promulgated by the President in the Seventy-second Year of the Republic of India.

AN

ORDINANCE

further to amend the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985.

WHEREAS the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 was amended by the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment) Act, 2014 which, *inter alia*, introduced a new clause (viiia) in section 2 and renumbered existing clause (viiia) relating to definition of “illicit traffic” as clause (viiib) thereof, but due to oversight the reference of the said clause could not be corrected in section 27A of the said Act, which provides for punishment for financing “illicit traffic” and harbouring offenders;

AND WHEREAS the amendment does not create any new offence but contains a legislative declaration that reference of clause (viiia) always meant the corresponding renumbered provision in clause (viiib) and the amendment seeks to rectify this anomaly by making changes in section 27 of the said Act in order to carry out the legislative intent of the statute, which has always been to read clause (viiib) in section 27 and already stood therein;

AND WHEREAS the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment) Act, 2014 came into force on the 1st day of May, 2014;

AND WHEREAS Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of May, 2014.

2. *Amendment of section 27A of Act 61 of 1985.*—In section 27A of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985, for the words, brackets, letters and figure “clause (viiia) of section 2”, the words, brackets, letters and figure “clause (viiib) of section 2” shall be substituted.

RAM NATH KOVIND,
President.

ANOOP KUMAR MENDIRATTA,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

